

# ME 639 - Turbulence

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## Karhunen-Loeve Orthogonal Expansion

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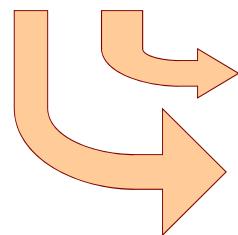
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## Karhunen-Loeve Expansion

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Let  $\phi_n(t)$  be an orthonormal set



$$X(t) = \sum c_n \phi_n(t)$$

$$c_n = \int_0^T X(t) \phi_n(t) dt$$

$$\int_0^T \phi_n(t) \phi_m^*(t) dt = \delta_{nm}$$

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## Karhunen-Loeve Expansion

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### Outline

- Expansion of a function
- Orthonormal set
- Expansion of a random function
- K-L Expansion for periodic and non-periodic functions
- Response of linear system
- K-L expansion for Brownian motion

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## Theorem

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In the expansion, the coefficients  $c_n$  become uncorrelated (orthogonal) random variables if and only if  $\phi_n(t)$  are the eigenfunctions of the following Fredholm's integral equation:

$$\int_0^T R_{xx}(t_1, t_2) \phi_n(t_2) dt = \lambda_n \phi_n(t_1)$$

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$$E\{|c_n|^2\} = \lambda_n$$

$$E\{c_n c_m^*\} = E\{|c_n|^2\} \delta_{nm}$$

**K-L Expansion converges in mean-square sense:**

$$E\left\{\left[X(t) - \sum_n c_n \varphi_n(t)\right]^2\right\} = 0$$

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# Karhunen-Loeve Expansion

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## Autocorrelation

$$R_{xx}(t_1, t_2) = \sum_n \lambda_n \varphi_n(t_1) \varphi_n^*(t_2)$$

$$R_{xx}(t, t) = \sum_n \lambda_n |\varphi_n|^2$$

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# Karhunen-Loeve Expansion

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## Stationary and Periodic Processes

Stationary   $R_{xx} = R_{xx}(t_1 - t_2)$

Periodic   $\varphi_n(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{T}} e^{in\omega_0 t}$      $\omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T}$

$$x(t) = \sum_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{c_n}{\sqrt{T}} e^{in\omega_0 t}$$

$$E\{|c_n|^2\} = \lambda_n$$

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# Karhunen-Loeve Expansion

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## Correlation and Spectrum

Correlation   $R_{xx}(t_1, t_2) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \lambda_n e^{in\omega_0(t_1-t_2)}$

Spectrum   $S_{xx}(\omega) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \lambda_n \delta(\omega - n\omega_0)$

$$E\{X^2(t)\} = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \lambda_n$$

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# Karhunen-Loeve Expansion

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## Stationary Non-Periodic Processes

Expansion

$$X(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{i\omega t} n(\omega) \sqrt{S(\omega)} d\omega$$

$n(\omega)$  = White Noise

$$E\{n(\omega_1)n(\omega_2)\} = \delta(\omega_1 - \omega_2)$$

Correlation

$$R_{xx}(t_1 - t_2) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-i\omega(t_2-t_1)} S(\omega) d\omega$$

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## Response of a Linear System

Linear System

$$L_t X(t) = n(t)$$

$n(\omega)$  = White Noise

$$R_{nn}(t_1, t_2) = 2\pi S_0 \delta(t_1 - t_2)$$

Response

$$X(t) = \int_0^t h(t-\tau) n(\tau) d\tau$$

Impulse Response

$$L_t h(t) = \delta(t)$$

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# Karhunen-Loeve Expansion

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$$L_t R_{xx}(t, t_2) = L_t \int_0^t h(t-\tau) E\{n(\tau)X(t_2)\} d\tau$$

$$L_t R_{xx}(t, t_2) = E\{n(t)X(t_2)\} = 2\pi S_0 h(t_2 - t)$$

$$\int_0^T R_{xx}(t, t_2) \phi(t_2) dt_2 = \lambda \phi(t)$$

$$\int_0^T 2\pi S_0 h(t_2 - t) \phi(t_2) dt_2 = \lambda L_t \phi(t)$$

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## Karhunen-Loeve Expansion- Eigenfunctions

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$$\lambda L_{-t} L_t \phi(t) = \int_0^T 2\pi S_0 \delta(t_2 - t) \phi(t_2) dt_2$$

$$= 2\pi S_0 \phi(t)$$

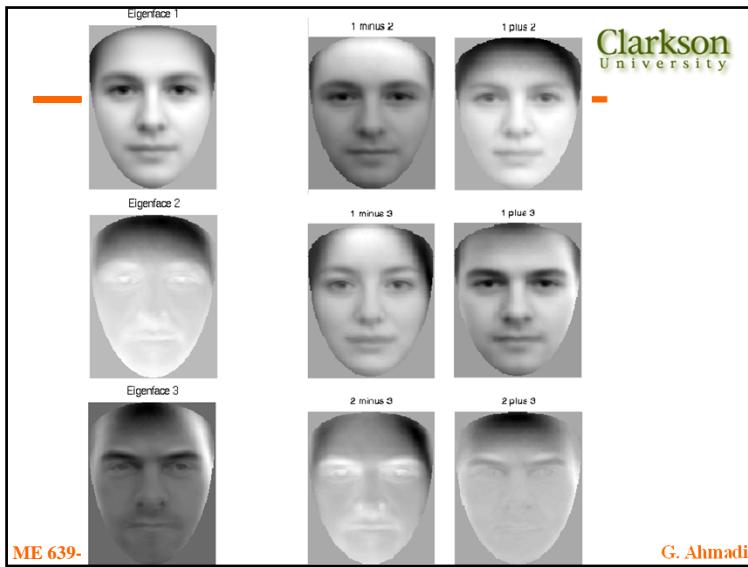
$$\phi^{(i)}(0) = 0$$

$$i = 0, 1, \dots, N-1$$

$$L_t \phi^{(i)}(t)|_{t=T} = 0$$

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## Concluding Remarks

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